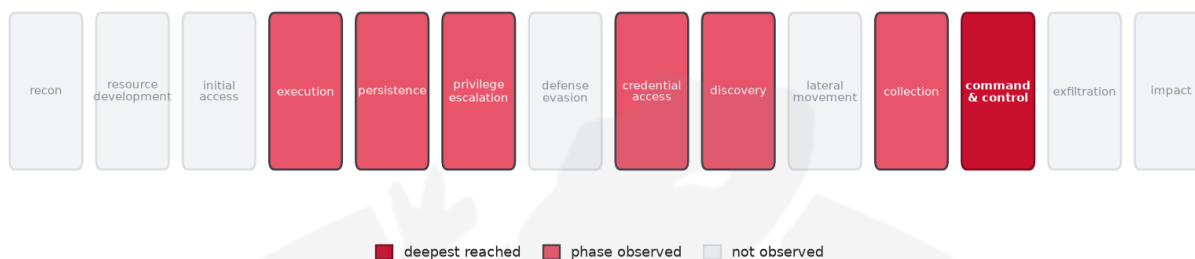


THREAT REPORT: OPERATION STANDOFF

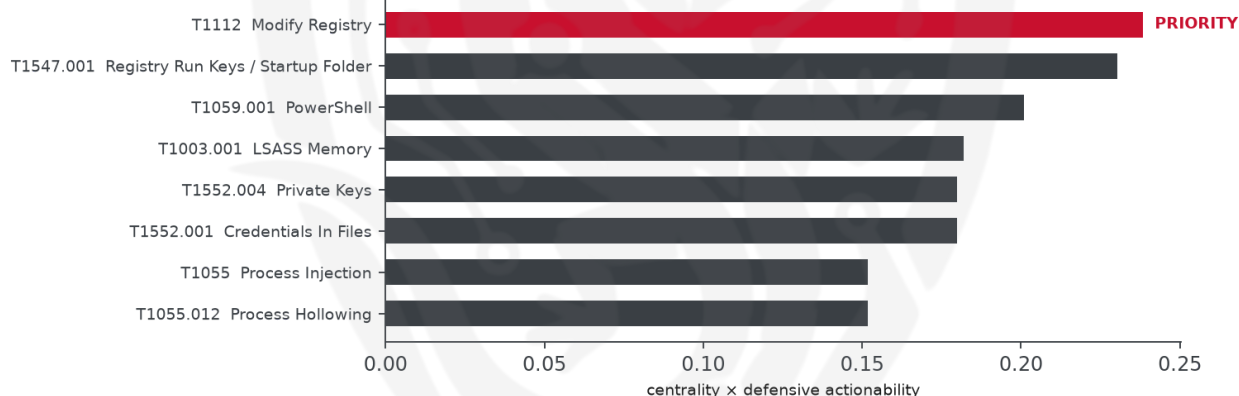
Visual Summary

Kill-Chain Reach — High (deepest phase reached: command-and-control)



How far down the attack chain this campaign reached; deepest phase in crimson.

Defensive Chokepoint — why this control is the priority



The control that most disrupts the attack (priority in crimson).

Summary

The observed cluster of activity, referred to as Operation STANDOFF, has been identified as utilizing various malware families, including Raccoon Stealer, RedLine, and Amadey, to target unspecified sectors and countries. The threat actor's campaign involves hiding command and control (C2) communications behind GitHub redirects. Priority should be given to monitoring sensitive registry keys for modification and restricting registry-edit tools for unprivileged users. The operational risk band of this campaign is considered high, reaching the level of command and control.

Threat Overview

The threat actor, Operation STANDOFF, employs a range of malware families, including Raccoon Stealer, RedLine, Amadey, SmokeLoader, Socelars, Glupteba, and XMRig. The central vulnerability exploited is currently insufficiently documented. The victimology and targeted countries are also not specified due to insufficient data.

Attack Chain and Priority Control

The attack chain involves multiple techniques, including scheduled tasks, matching legitimate resource names, and system checks, ultimately leading to the modification of registry keys. The priority technique identified is T1112 Modify Registry, which serves as a critical chokepoint in the attack chain. To mitigate this, the priority control is to "Monitor sensitive registry keys for modification; restrict registry-edit tools for unprivileged users."

Infrastructure and Corroboration

The malicious infrastructure associated with Operation STANDOFF is hosted by various providers, including JSC Timeweb, 1337Team Limited, Reliable Communications s.r.o., and MivoCloud SRL, as observed in third-party enrichment data. Additionally, abuse.ch has corroborated the presence of Amadey and RedLine Stealer malware families. However, according to AbuseIPDB, there are no indicators with a confidence level of 80% or higher, with the highest confidence seen being 0%.

Technical Appendix

Ground-truth telemetry from the source pulse; analytical scores are secondary and clearly labelled.

Observed Techniques (ATT&CK, expert-tagged by source)

- T1053.005 Scheduled Task
- T1036.005 Match Legitimate Resource Name or Location
- T1543.003 Windows Service
- T1497.001 System Checks
- T1082 System Information Discovery
- T1005 Data from Local System
- T1140 Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information
- T1558 Steal or Forge Kerberos Tickets
- T1055 Process Injection
- T1497.003 Time Based Checks
- T1562.004 Impair Defenses: Disable or Modify System Firewall
- T1112 Modify Registry
- T1552.004 Private Keys
- T1003.001 LSASS Memory
- T1083 File and Directory Discovery
- T1552.001 Credentials In Files
- T1059.001 PowerShell
- T1547.001 Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder
- T1562.001 Impair Defenses: Disable or Modify Tools
- T1055.012 Process Hollowing
- T1027 Obfuscated Files or Information
- T1573 Encrypted Channel

- T1012 Query Registry
- T1518.001 Security Software Discovery
- T1059.003 Windows Command Shell
- T1027.002 Software Packing
- T1071.001 Web Protocols
- T1105 Ingress Tool Transfer

Analytical Scores

- Priority technique (graph chokepoint): T1112 Modify Registry (centrality 0.251).
- Operational risk: High (score 0.636, reaches command-and-control).

Behavioral Signature Cluster

- Method: technique-overlap cosine vs 170 MITRE ATT&CK Groups (top overlap 0.4638; reference threshold $\tau = 0.6$).
- These are behavioural resemblances for defensive playbook cross-referencing, not an identity assessment. Where the source pulse names an actor, that attribution is authoritative; the overlaps below neither confirm nor contest it.

Nearest historical profiles by behavioural overlap (resemblance only):

Historical Profile	Behavioural Overlap
Darkhotel	0.4638
BlackByte	0.4577
Rocke	0.4542
BRONZE BUTLER	0.4439
TA2541	0.4434

Enrichment Signal

- Highest AbuseIPDB confidence among IOCs: 0%.
- Malware families corroborated by abuse.ch: Amadey, RedLine Stealer.
- Note: enrichment raises the severity signal (an IOC at or above 80% AbuseIPDB confidence, or a confirmed malware-family hit). This is context, not a change to the source assessment.

Indicators of Compromise (defanged — non-clickable)

The network and file indicators observed in this activity are listed below for blocklisting:

Type	Indicator	Context
IP	188[.]225[.]72[.]157	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb

Type	Indicator	Context
IP	185[.]215[.]1113[.]35	AbuseIPDB 0% (SC) · AS51381 1337Team Limited
IP	212[.]192[.]241[.]62	AbuseIPDB 0% (AT) · AS2118 Reliable Communications s.r.o.
IP	212[.]193[.]30[.]29	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	185[.]225[.]19[.]18	AbuseIPDB 0% (RO) · AS39798 MivoCloud SRL
IP	185[.]215[.]1113[.]44	AbuseIPDB 0% (SC) · RedLine Stealer · AS51381 1337Team Limited
IP	212[.]193[.]30[.]45	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	147[.]45[.]183[.]198	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	147[.]45[.]237[.]23	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	185[.]247[.]185[.]85	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	188[.]225[.]39[.]252	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	188[.]225[.]82[.]125	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	194[.]87[.]131[.]30	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	194[.]87[.]56[.]156	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	195[.]133[.]73[.]225	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	212[.]60[.]21[.]249	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	217[.]198[.]13[.]211	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	37[.]252[.]21[.]227	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	45[.]139[.]78[.]67	AbuseIPDB 0% (RU) · AS9123 JSC Timeweb
IP	46[.]149[.]70[.]18	
IP	5[.]129[.]196[.]85	
IP	89[.]223[.]71[.]207	
IP	90[.]156[.]224[.]57	
IP	92[.]51[.]22[.]34	
IP	93[.]183[.]80[.]126	
Domain	listincode[.]com	

Type	Indicator	Context
Domain	www[.]listincode[.]com	
Domain	wfsdragon[.]ru	
Domain	topniemannpickshop[.]cc	
Domain	all-mobile-payments[.]com[.]mx	
Domain	buy-fantasy-gxmes[.]com[.]sg	
Domain	buy-fantasy-football[.]com[.]sg	
Domain	new-androidapps[.]me	
Domain	rcacademy[.]at	
Domain	cloudjah[.]com	malware_download
Domain	www[.]wgqpw[.]com	
Domain	server5[.]trumops[.]com	
Domain	bull-drops[.]online	
Domain	bull-drops[.]ru	
Domain	bulldrops[.]online	

Reputation by AbuseIPDB · malware attribution by abuse.ch · Geo/ASN data by IP2Location LITE.

Flame Cell // Adversary Pivot [BETA]

BETA. A hypothetical tabletop projection, anchored to documented ATT&CK behaviour and technique co-occurrence across 170 tracked groups. It is not a prediction; treat it as a war-game prompt and review before acting. Spot a pivot that looks wrong? norbert@salacti.com

- **Control applied:** T1112 Modify Registry (persistence)
- **Observed here:** Operation STANDOFF used T1053.005 Scheduled Task here as an alternative persistence technique.
- **Projected pivot:** T1053.005 Scheduled Task (persistence)
- **Basis:** observed in this campaign (an alternative the actor already demonstrated).

The Operation STANDOFF actors could pivot to utilizing Scheduled Task (T1053.005) to maintain persistence and execute malicious actions, potentially leveraging this technique to bypass the blocked registry modification control. They may attempt to create new scheduled tasks to achieve their objectives, which would likely involve creating or modifying task schedules to run malicious code. The defensive

control to counter this potential move would be to alert on new scheduled tasks (Event ID 4698); restrict schtasks/at to admins; baseline legitimate task creators.

Detection and hardening for the pivot (T1053.005 Scheduled Task/Job)

- **Telemetry:** Windows Security (Object Access audit); Microsoft-Windows-TaskScheduler/Operational; Sysmon
- **Detect:**
 - Security 4698 (task created), 4702 (updated), 4700/4701 (enabled/disabled), 4699 (deleted)
 - TaskScheduler/Operational 106 (registered), 140 (updated), 141 (deleted)
 - Sysmon 1 for schtasks.exe and at.exe; Sysmon 11 for writes under C:\Windows\System32\Tasks\
- **Harden:**
 - Restrict schtasks/at to administrators; disable the legacy at.exe
 - Baseline the legitimate task creators and alert on anything outside it
- **MITRE:** M1047 Audit, M1028 Operating System Configuration, M1026 Privileged Account Management · DS0003 Scheduled Job, DS0009 Process, DS0022 File